

User Manual UAE-NFIS Privileged Users

Ву

Constantine Stamatopoulos

May 2018



Abbreviations

A Accuracy in %

Artfish Approaches, Rules and Techniques for Fisheries Monitoring

CE or C/E Catch/Effort

CPUE Catch Per Unit Effort

CV Coefficient of variation in %

DB Database

DGC Data Group Code

EAD Environment Agency Abu Dhabi

EU European Union

FAO Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

FIS Fisheries Information System

FS Frame Survey

IT Information Technology

NFIS National Fisheries Information System

PBA Probability Boat Active
SF Standardization factor
SUI Sampling Uniformity Index

WB World Bank



Contents

Preface	4
1 Introduction	5
2 Privileged Users' functions	6
3 Major Strata	8
4 Minor Strata	9
5 Sites and ports	10
6 Boat-gear categories	11
7 Species	12
8 Fishing grounds	13
9 Fleet distribution data	15
10 Field agents (data collectors)	17
11 Effort data	18
12 Landing data	20
13 MAX-MIN values	23
14 Statistical reports (monthly)	25
15 Statistical reports (variable periods)	27
16 Statistical methodology	30
16.1 Formulae used in estimating catch and effort	30
16.2 Accuracy of estimates	31



Preface

Effective storage, processing and diffusion of data on catch, fishing effort, first-sale prices and average fish weight are key factors for providing appropriate services to users involved in fisheries statistical studies. This means that a statistical programme that operates on a regular basis must be based on robust and sustaining computer systems and IT technology.

This document is the third of three computer guides and will be used by the UAE-NFIS privileged users. Privileged users can access a wide variety of read-only online functions that cover referential tables, primary data (samples of landings and effort) and basic statistical analyses. The first document of the series concerns exclusively the UAE-NFIS administrator functions while the second is intended for data operators. All three documents have been prepared under the current assignment of the consultant and as a principal documentation component of the UAE National Fisheries Information System (UAE-NFIS).

UAE-NFIS comes with online HELP screens that can be activated during login. The online tutorial is as detailed as the present document; however a hardcopy manual is usually part of the system documentation. Experience shows that after 1-2 weeks of regular operations privileged users can master all functions without referring to either the reference manual or the online HELP.

Constantine Stamatopoulos, PhD Senior Advisor – Fisheries Statistics May 2018



1 Introduction

This Operations Guide explains briefly the ways of accessing UAE-NFIS data to produce reports and statistical tables. It further describes the methodology by means of which catch/effort estimates are produced.

UAE-NFIS can run from any device (desktop or laptop, tablet, Smartphone, IPAD, etc.) that has access to the internet. No additional software need be installed locally.

Starting UAE-NFIS on the internet is done by typing:

https://uae-nfis.ead.ae/uae/uae-nfis.php

The starting screen is shown in Fig. 1.1.

UAE-NFIS operations are broadly divided into four groups: Administration, Data Operations, Privileged Users and Public Users. The first group of operations (administrator) is performed with the purpose of setting-up, maintaining and diffusing system standards, primary data and catch/effort estimates using basic internet services. Actual work on catch/effort samples collected in the field is done by Data Operators on a decentralized basis. Privileged users can access a wide variety of read-only online functions that cover referential tables, primary data (samples of landings and effort) and basic statistical analyses.



Figure 1.1. UAE-NFIS home page



2 Privileged Users' functions



Figure 2.1 – Functions available to Privileged Users.

After logging-in Privileged Users may select a database from a list of available periods. The following codes describe the state of a database:

- R=Released for inputting.
- B=Blocked by the administrator.
- F=Finalized.
- H=Historical.

Selection of a period is followed by the type of output desired. The following reports are available:

REFERENTIAL DATA

- Major strata.
- Minor strata.
- Sites and ports.
- Boat-gear categories.
- Species.
- Fishing grounds.



- Fleet data organized by port and boat-gear type.

WORKING REPORTS

- Field agents (data collectors).
- List of effort records.
- List of landing records.
- Max-Min of landings (extreme values).
- Statistical summaries.



3 Major Strata

The figure below provides an example of major strata.





Major strata constitute larger administrative or geographical entities, the statistics of which is calculated as the sum of the minor (logical or statistical) strata they contain.

The first column contains an internal numerical code which is assigned automatically and it is not accessible.

The second column is used for the main part of the description. Its maximum length is 45 characters. A second description field of another 45 characters is available below it.

The third column determines the sequence of table records. For instance to insert a record between entries 000300 and 000400 a record is added at the end with sequence 000350. Below it is the date of last update in YYYY/MM/DD format.

Fourth column contains the user that performed the last update.



4 Minor Strata

Minor Strata : 12 / 2017						
Code	Description 2nd description	Associated Major Stratum	Sequence Last update	Remarks Last table review by:		
1	Delma Island جزیرۂ دلما	Abu Dhabi	000100 2018/01/07	Stanley Hartmann		
2	Al Marfa المرفأ	Abu Dhabi	000200 2018/01/07	Stanley Hartmann		
3	Free Port الميناء الحر	Abu Dhabi	000300 2018/01/07	Stanley Hartmann		
4	Al Sadar الصندر	Abu Dhabi	000400 2018/01/07	Stanley Hartmann		



A Minor Stratum constitutes the logical (statistical) context of catch/effort estimation.

The first column contains an internal numerical code which is assigned automatically and it is not accessible.

The second column is used for the main part of the description. Its maximum length is 45 characters. A second description field of another 45 characters is available below it.

The third column is used to associate each minor stratum to a major stratum.

The fourth column determines the sequence of table records. For instance to insert a record between entries 000300 and 000400 a record is added at the end with sequence 000350. Below it is the date of last update in YYYY/MM/DD format.

Fifth column contains the user that performed the last update.



5 Sites and ports

Sites and ports : 12 / 2017							
Code Group	Description 2nd description	Associated Minor Stratum	Sequence Last update	Remarks Last table review by:			
1 01	Delma Island جزیرۂ دلما	Delma Island	000100 2018/01/11	cs			
2 02	Sila السلع	Delma Island	000200 2018/01/11	cs			
3 03	Marfa المرفاء	Al Marfa	000300 2018/01/11	cs			
4 04	Al Bateen البطين	Free Port	000400 2018/01/11	cs			
5 05	Free Port الميناء الحر	Free Port	000500 2018/01/11	cs			
6 06	Al Saadiyat السعديات	Free Port	000600 2018/01/11	cs			
7 07	Al Sadar الصدر	Al Sadar	000700 2018/01/11	CS			

Return

Homeports and sites are the basis of the fleet distribution by location and boat/gear category and they also constitute the points at which samples are collected for landings and fishing effort.

The first column contains an internal numerical code which is assigned automatically and it is not accessible. Below this code there is the Data Group Code (DGC) that associates users with ports.

The second column is used for the main part of the description. Its maximum length is 45 characters. A second description field of another 45 characters is available below it.

The third column indicates the minor stratum associated to the port in subject.

The fourth column determines the sequence of table records. Below it is the date of last update in YYYY/MM/DD format.

Fifth column contains the user that performed the last update.



6 Boat-gear categories

	Boats and gears : 12 / 2017							
Code	Description 2nd description	Sequence Last update	Remarks Last table review by:					
1	Lansh - Gargour لنسّ - فرفور	000100 2018/01/11	Images & Information Stanley Hartmann					
2	Tarad - Ghazal طراد - غزل	000200 2018/01/11	Stanley Hartmann					
3	Tarad - Hadaq طراد - حداق	000300 2018/01/11	Stanley Hartmann					
4	Tarad - Al Defara طراد - الدفارة	000400 2018/01/11	Stanley Hartmann					
5	Tarad - Nesaab طراد - نصاب	000500 2018/01/11	Stanley Hartmann					
6	Tarad - Al Sakkar طراد - سکار	000600 2018/01/11	Stanley Hartmann					
7	Tarad - Al Hadhra طراد - الحظرة	000700 2018/01/11	Stanley Hartmann					
8	Pleasure - Hadaq نزهة - حداق	000800 2018/01/11	Stanley Hartmann					



The first column contains an internal numerical code which is assigned automatically and it is not accessible.

The second column is used for the main part of the description. Its maximum length is 45 characters. A second description field of another 45 characters is available below it.

The third column determines the sequence of table records. Below it is the date of last update in YYYY/MM/DD format.

Fourth column contains the user that performed the last update.



7 Species

	Species: 12 / 2017					
Code	Description 2nd description	Sequence Last update	Remarks Last table review by:			
1	اشنینو Eshnenuh Cephalopholis hemistiktos (Yellow fin hind)	000100 2018/01/21	Stanley Hartmann			
2	Umm Ar Rubiyan ام الربيان Thenus orientalis (Flathead locust lobster)	000200 2018/01/21	Stanley Hartmann			
3	ام ضريس Umm Dhrais Lutjanus indicus (Indian snapper)	000300 2018/01/21	Stanley Hartmann			
4	امشوا Emshawah Diplodus sargus kotschyi (One spot seabream)	000400 2018/01/21	Stanley Hartmann			
5	Badah 근 부 Gerres longirostris (Longtail siver biddy)	1 2018/01/21	Stanley Hartmann			
6	Badah ba'qien ייב גופֿעַט Gerreidae (Silver-biddy species)	000600 2018/01/21	Stanley Hartmann			
7	Ebzimi بزيمي Scolopsis taeniata (Black streaked monocle br	000700 2018/01/21	Stanley Hartmann			
8	Ebzimi ba'qien بزيمي باڤين Nemipteridae (Threadfin bream species)	000800 2018/01/21	Stanley Hartmann			
9	Bassar بسار Scomberoides tol (Needlescaled queenfish)	2 2018/01/21	Stanley Hartmann			
10	Beyah ba'qien بياح باقين Mugilidae (Mullet species)	001000 2018/01/21	Stanley Hartmann			
11	Beyah Arabi بیاح عربی Moolgarda seheli (Blue spot mullet)	3 2018/01/21	Stanley Hartmann			
12	Tabban كبان Auxis thazard (Frigate tuna)	4 2018/01/21	Stanley Hartmann			
13	Jedd ⇒ Sphyraena jello (Pickhandle barracuda)	5 2018/01/21	Stanley Hartmann			
14	Jedd ba'qien جد باقين Sphyraenidae (Barracuda species)	001400 2018/01/21	Stanley Hartmann			
15	Jedd Kebir جد کبیر Sphyraena barracuda (Great barracuda)	001500 2018/01/21	Stanley Hartmann			
16	Qargumbah جرجميا Balistidae (Triggerfish species)	001600 2018/01/21	Stanley Hartmann			

The first column contains an internal numerical code which is assigned automatically and it is not accessible.

The second column is used for the main part of the description. Its maximum length is 45 characters. A second description field of another 45 characters is available below it.

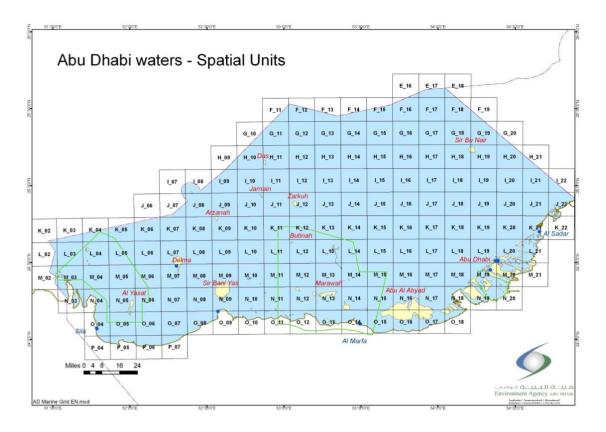
The third column is used to determine the sequence of table records. Below it is the date of last update in YYYY/MM/DD format.

Fourth column contains the user that performed the last update.



8 Fishing grounds

UAE-NFIS uses a grid system (see figure below) to collect information on catch and fishing effort by fishing ground.



The coded set of rectangles is one of the reference tables of the system and is illustrated below.

	Fishing Grounds: 12 / 2017							
Code	Description 2nd description	Sequence Last update	Remarks Last table review by:					
1	CLEAR ALL	000100 2017/11/14	cs					
2	A-23	000200 2017/11/14	CS					
3	A-24	000300 2017/11/14	CS					
4	A-25	000400 2017/11/14	CS					
5	A-26	000500 2017/11/14	cs					
6	A-27	000600 2017/11/14	cs					
7	A-28	000700 2017/11/14	cs					
8	B-22	000800 2017/11/14	CS					
^	D 00	000900						



The first column contains an internal numerical code which is assigned automatically and it is not accessible.

The second column is used for the code of the rectangle.

The third column is used to determine the sequence of table records. Below it is the date of last update in YYYY/MM/DD format.

Fourth column contains the user that performed the last update.



9 Fleet distribution data

	Fleet data : 12 / 2017							
Code	Site and boat / gear type	Updated	Boats/Gears	Active Days	Error			
001001	Delma Island لنسّ - فرفور Lansh - Gargour + جزيرة دلما <u>Boat</u> <u>gear</u>	2017/11/16 CS	34	31				
001002	طراد - غزل Tarad - Ghazal + جزيرة دلما Delma Island	2017/11/16 CS	56	31				
001003	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq + جزيرة دلما Delma Island	2017/11/08 CS	44	31				
001004	طراد - الدفارة Tarad - Al Defara + جزيرة دلما Delma Island		0	0				
001005	طراد - نصاب Tarad - Nesaab + جزيرة دلما Delma Island		0	0				
001006	طراد ـ سكار Tarad - Al Sakkar + جزيرة دلما Delma Island		0	0				
001007	طراد - الحظرة Tarad - Al Hadhra + جزيرة دلما Delma Island		0	0				
001008	نزهة - حداق Pleasure - Hadaq + جزيرة دلما Delma Island	2018/01/07 Stanley Hartmann	20	31				
002001	Boat-gear لنش - قرقور Lansh - Gargour + السلع	2017/11/16 CS	5	31				
002002	طراد - غزل Tarad - Ghazal + السلح	2017/11/16 CS	25	31				
002003	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq + السلح	2017/11/08 CS	24	31				
002004	طراد - الدفارة Tarad - Al Defara + السلح		0	0				
002005	طراد - نصباب Tarad - Nesaab + السلح	2017/11/16 CS	2	31				
002006	طراد - سكار Tarad - Al Sakkar + السلح		0	0				
002007	طراد - الحظرة Tarad - Al Hadhra - السلع	2018/01/07 Stanley Hartmann	1	31				
002008	نزهة - حداق Pleasure - Hadaq + السلع	2018/01/07 Stanley Hartmann	10	31				
003001	Boat-gear لنش - قرقور Lansh - Gargour + المرفاء		0	0				
003002	طراد - غزل Tarad - Ghazal + المرفاء	2017/11/16 CS	36	31				
003003	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq + المرفاء	2017/11/08 CS	17	31				
003004	طراد - الدفارة Tarad - Al Defara + المرفاء Marfa	2017/11/16 CS	12	31				
003005	طراد - نصاب Tarad - Nesaab + المرفاء	2017/11/16 CS	5	31				
003006	طراد - سكار Tarad - Al Sakkar + المرفاء	2017/11/16 CS	6	31				
003007	طراد - الحظرة Tarad - Al Hadhra + المرفاء	2018/01/07 Stanley Hartmann	3	31				
002000	Morfo 1: N. Diagona Haday d. 15-11	2018/01/07 Stanley	10	24				

Fleet data describe the distribution of the fishing fleet by site and boat-gear category and constitute spatial and temporal extrapolating factors for fishing effort.

Each row is described by a combination of site and boat-gear category, followed by a numerical field to specify the number of fishing units at a specific site. This number can be zero if there no units of the boat-gear in subject.

Normally fleet data are updated at the end of each month and used in the final estimation stage of catch and fishing effort. Same data are used to set-up provisional data collection protocols for the following month.

Next to the number of boats-gears, users also specify the active fishing days during the reference month. If the "day-orientated" data collection scheme is used for fishing effort (i.e. weekly, monthly



surveys) then this number coincides with the number of calendar days in the month (i.e. 31 for March, 30 for June, 28 or 29 for February, etc.). If the data collection scheme is boat-based, these factors must take into consideration inactive days due to bad weather, weekends, holidays, etc.); such periods must then be subtracted from the calendar days.

As mentioned earlier the fishing days constitute temporal extrapolating factors for fishing effort over a month.

In UAE-NFIS all referential data are at some stage associated with information media such as .docx and .pdf documents, videos, presentations, etc. At this early stage these information links are still under preparation. Available documents for a table entry are shown in blue. Clicking on the link it will download the document. For example there is a link for LANSH – GARGOOR in the fleet table; clicking on it the document shown below will be downloaded.



UAE-NFIS وصف معدات القوارب: لنش - قرقور UAE-NFIS UAE-NFIS Boat-gear details: Lansh - Gargoor

اللنش

النشات: وهي عبارة عن قوارب دهو خشبية مبنية بشكل تقليدي، يبلغ طولها 12-22 متراً ومزودة بمكائن ديزل داخلية. ويتم تخزين الأسماك كاملة بالثلج داخل صناديق تبريد معزولة حرارياً. وتمتد رحلة الصيد في العادة بين 3 إلى 5 أيام. ويعمل على ظهر القارب 5-8 أشخاص .









10 Field agents (data collectors)

	Table of field agents						
Agent id	Name	Functional title					
1	Faisal Al Hammadi فيصل الحمادي	Data Operator - Sila					
2	تاتي الحمادي Thani Al Hammadi	Data Operator - Sila					
3	خلفان السوي Khalfan Al Suwaidi	Data Supervisor - Abu Dhabi					
4	خالد الحمادي Khalid Al Hammadi	Data Operator - Delma Island					
5	خالد الحوسني Khalid Al Hosani	Data Operator - Abu Dhabi					
6	محمد أحمد Mohamed Ahmed	Data Operator - Al Marfa					
7	سعيد الحوسني Saeed Al Hosani	Data Operator - Delma Island					
8	سلطان العلى Sultan Al Ali	Data Supervisor - Abu Dhabi					
9	يعقوب الحماد Yaqoob Al Hammadi	Data Operator - Al Marfa					
10	يوسف الحمادي Yousif Al Hammadi	Data Operator - Al Sadar					



This table contains the names and functional titles of the data collectors. The names of data collectors appear in catch and effort samples in order for users to know who was responsible for collecting the information. Data collectors may or may not be data operators of UAE-NFIS and this is the reason for including them into a separate table.



11 Effort data

Effort data can be filtered in order to focus on a specific site-boat/gear combination (refer to first figure below).

Users may filter the site only and leave all boats/gears to be included, or focus on only one boat/gear type and include all sites. Likewise by not specifying any site or a boat/gear, the system will make available all records. This is actually the case (all data included) that is illustrated in the second figure.



Effort records appear as blocks, each consisting two lines. The first column contains a sequential number for the effort sample and below it the day the sample was collected.

The second column indicates the site and the boat-gear type (with eventual information links).

The fourth column contains the last update date and the operator. Below is given the number of days worked previous week with the specified boat-gear. This is at present the only effort scenario used by UAE-NFIS.

Eventual errors are shown in red in the last column. Below the error line there is the name of the data collector.



Effort: 10 / 2017

Sample no.	Homeport	Boats Active	Day Approach - Days at sea			Error
Day	Boat-Gear type	Boats Examined	In month	In 10 days	In week	Data Collector
0001	Al Sadar الصندر		2017/11/15 Y	ousof Al Hammadi		
20	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq				2	يوسف الحمادي Yousif Al Hammadi
0002	Al Sadar الصدر		2017/11/15 Y	ousof Al Hammadi		
10	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq				2	يوسف الحمادي Yousif Al Hammadi
0003	الصدر Al Sadar		2017/11/15 Y	ousof Al Hammadi		
4	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq				6	يوسف الحمادي Yousif Al Hammadi
0004	ا Al Sadar الصدر		2017/11/15 Y	ousof Al Hammadi		
4	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq				5	يوسف الحمادي Yousif Al Hammadi
0005	الصدر Al Sadar		2017/11/15 Y	ousof Al Hammadi		
14	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq				5	yousif Al Hammadi يوسف الحمادي
0006	ا Al Sadar الصدر		2017/11/15 Y	ousof Al Hammadi		
16	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq				4	يوسف الحمادي Yousif Al Hammadi
0007	الصدر Al Sadar		2017/11/15 Y	ousof Al Hammadi		
21	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq				3	يوسف الحمادي Yousif Al Hammadi
0008	الصدر Al Sadar		2017/11/15 Y	ousof Al Hammadi		
24	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq				6	Yousif Al Hammadi يوسف الحمادي
0009	ا Al Sadar الصدر		2017/11/15 Y	ousof Al Hammadi		
27	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq				5	يوسف الحمادي Yousif Al Hammadi
0010	السلع Sila		2017/11/16 Faisal Ali Al Hammadi			
11	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq				3	Faisal Al Hammadi فيصل الحمادي
0011	السلع Sila		2018/01/22 F	aisal Ali Al Hammadi		
11	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq				3	Faisal Al Hammadi فيصل الحمادي



12 Landing data

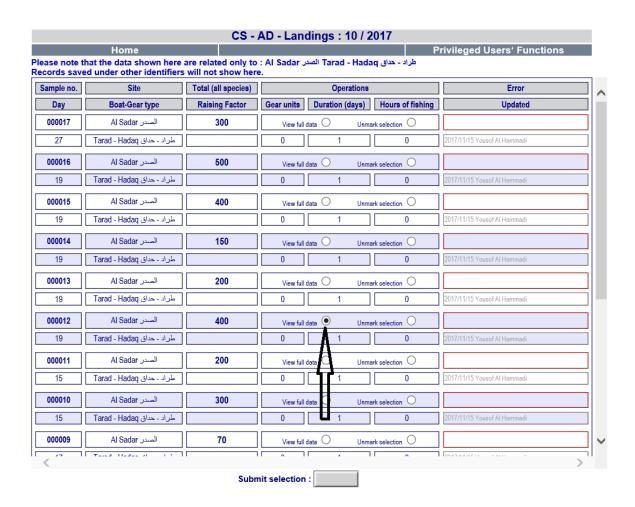
Landing data can be filtered in order to focus on a specific site-boat/gear combination. In this example landing data were locked into Al Sadar (site) and Tarad-Hadaq (boat-gear type).

Users may filter the site only and leave all boats/gears to be included, or focus on only one boat/gear type and include all sites. Likewise by not specifying any site or a boat/gear, the system will make available all records.



The list shown in the figure below contains landing samples for Al Sadar and Tarad – Hadaq. To view the full data of a sample (say sample no. 12) a selection button is used. The full data will appear as shown in the figure following the list of samples.





	CS - AD - Landings : 10 / 2017						
	Privileged Users' Functions				R	leturn	
Sample no.	Site	Total (all species)	Gear units	Duration (days)	Hours of fishing	Remark	
Day	Boat-Gear type	Raising Factor		Error		Data Collector	
000012	الصدر Al Sadar	400	0	1	0		
19	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq					يوسف الحمادي Yousif Al Hammadi	

Boat id.: Fishing Ground: ()

Code	Species name	Weight (kg)	Price (AED/Kg)	Value (AED)	Aver.weight (kg)	N.fish in catch
1	اشتینی Eshnenuh	300				
4	امشوا Emshawah	100				

The first block of data describes the fishing operation namely:

- Sample number: 12.
- Day of sampling: 10 (in October 2017).
- Site and boat-gear type (with eventual information links).
- Total catch of all species (=400). This variable controls the validity of catch by species. If the two figures do not tally an error occurs.
- Gear units involved: Unspecified here.



- Duration of the fishing trip expressed in boat-gear days: 1. This figure can be greater than 1 for longer trips (i.e. 2, 3, ... days). It can also be a fraction such 0.5 to indicate two trips during the same day USING THE SAME GEAR.
- Last column contains eventual remarks and the name of the data collector.

Following is an optional line for the boat registration number and the fishing ground. For the latter its recording will be obligatory after the system has entered its production phase. Up to 6 different fishing grounds can be specified.

Next block shows catch by species including only the species sampled.

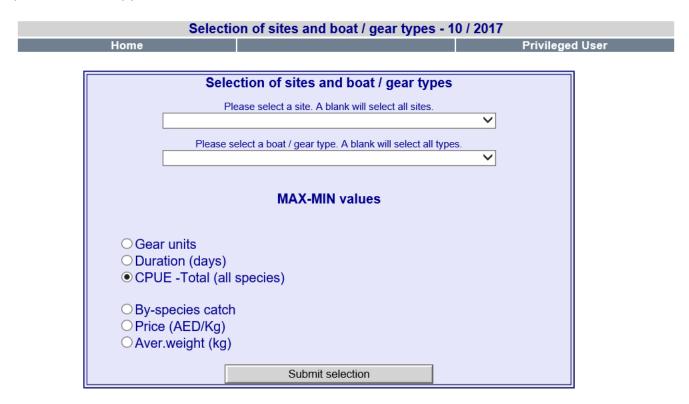
- Species code.
- Species name (with eventual information link).
- Species catch in kg (300 and 100 for first and second species respectively).
- Species price in AED/kg.
- Value of species catch in AED.
- Option for average weight of species. This option applies in uniform species catches where all individuals happen to be of similar size.
- Option for total number of individuals in the catch. It applies for species catches where
 individuals come in different shapes and sizes. It applies mainly to valuable species of a
 certain size.



13 MAX-MIN values

Max-Min values serve as a quick check for the presence of unlikely values of key variables.

This function applies to landings only and allows for max-min listings for catch, price and average fish size. Landings can be filtered before in a manner similar to that used in the listing of effort and landings. In the example presented here MAX-MIN values are checked for the overall CPUE (all species) and for all samples collected. If no variable is indicated the default variable "Byspecies catch" applies.



Ranked values (in this case overall CPUE) are shown in red. The sample identification number is also displayed allowing cross-reference to the original input document. If a value seems unlikely (too high or too low) the sample number helps in locating the landing record in the listing of samples shown earlier.

This report is particularly useful for data supervisors who, if they consult it regularly) can spot eventual errors and remedy them in time, before the database closes for the month.



MAX-MIN values : 10 / 2017

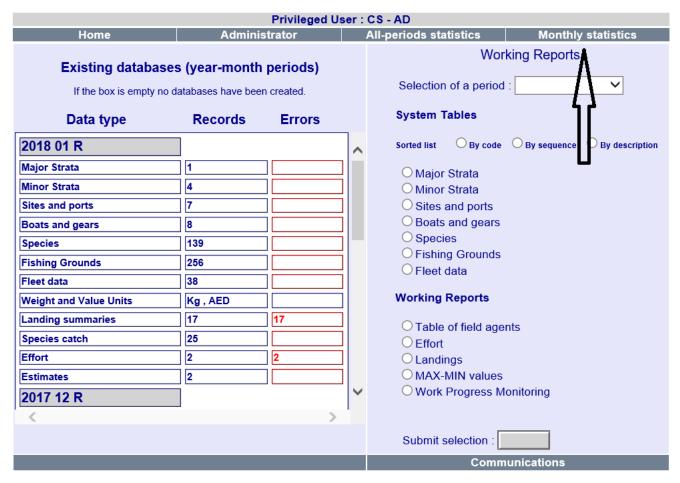
Records with zero or without value: 0 / 19

Sample no.	Site	Boat-Gear type	Species	CPUE
0018	السلح Sila	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq		600
0016	الصندر Al Sadar	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq		500
0012	الصندر Al Sadar	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq		400
0015	الصدر Al Sadar	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq		400
0019	السلح Sila	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq		400
0010	الصدر Al Sadar	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq		300
0017	الصدر Al Sadar	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq		300
0001	جزيرة دلما Delma Island	لنش - قرقور Lansh - Gargour		200
0005	الصدر Al Sadar	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq		200
0008	الصدر Al Sadar	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq		200
0011	الصدر Al Sadar	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq		200
0013	الصدر Al Sadar	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq		200
0007	الصدر Al Sadar	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq		170
0014	الصدر Al Sadar	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq		150
0004	الصدر Al Sadar	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq		100
0009	الصدر Al Sadar	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq		70
0003	الصدر Al Sadar	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq		66.6667
0006	الصندر Al Sadar	طراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq		50
0002	جزيرة دلما Delma Island	لنش - قرقور Lansh - Gargour		10

Return



14 Statistical reports (monthly)



The databases on the left are marked as follows: : --->? = Newly created and empty , ---> R = Released to operators for inputting ---> F = Finalized , ---> B = Blocked for ADMIN work , ---> H = Moved to history

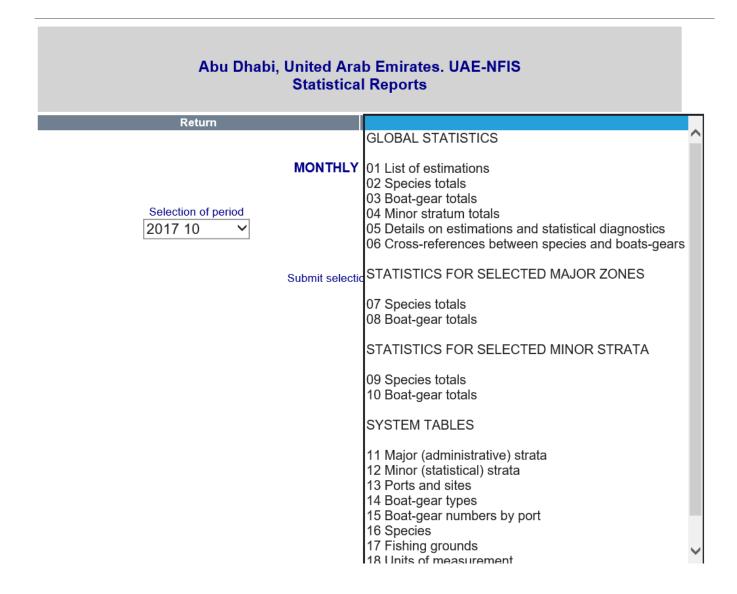
Privileged users can request two types of statistical reports:

- Monthly statistics in which estimates appear with full statistical details;
- Variable period statistics where data appear as time series.

In this section we examine monthly statistics.

There is no need to select a period. The system will direct the user to the following screen:





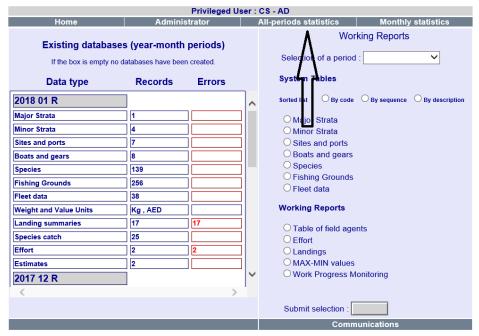
From the screen above the user selects the period and then the monthly statistical report. To be noted that only finalized periods appear in the period dropdown list.

In this example we will examine Report no. 1 showing a summary of estimates for October 2017 (refer to figure below).

MONTHLY REPORTS							
Return to statistical reports			Download and use Excel utility				
10 / 2017 : List of estimations Accuracy = 66.9 %							
Stratum and boat-gear	Boats- gears	Catch (Kg)	Effort (days)	CPUE (Kg/day)	Price	Value	Accuracy (%)
طراد - Tarad - Hadaq جزیرهٔ دلما Delma Island حداق	68	639,929	1,280	500.0	35.000	22,397,500	64.9
ماراد - حداق Tarad - Hadaq الصدر	14	56,409	262	215.5	17.581	991,716	89.9
TOTALS	82	696,338	1,542	451.7	33.589	23,389,216	66.9



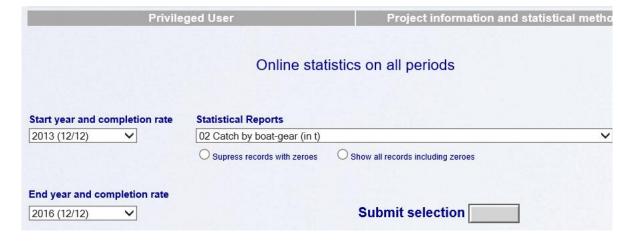
15 Statistical reports (variable periods)



The databases on the left are marked as follows:: ---> ? = Newly created and empty , ---> R = Released to operators for inputting ---> F = Finalized , ---> B = Blocked for ADMIN work , ---> H = Moved to history

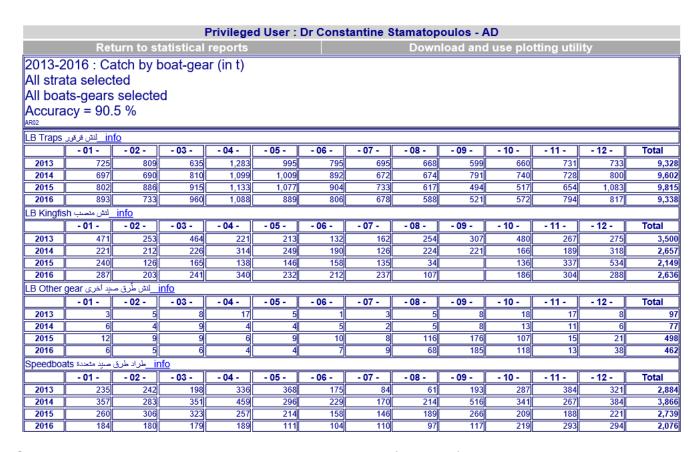
In this section we examine variable-period statistics (time series). Owing to the lack of actual data the document will illustrates examples from other countries where databases much similar to UAE-NFIS have been operational for a number of years.

There is no need to select a period. The system will direct the user to the following screen:

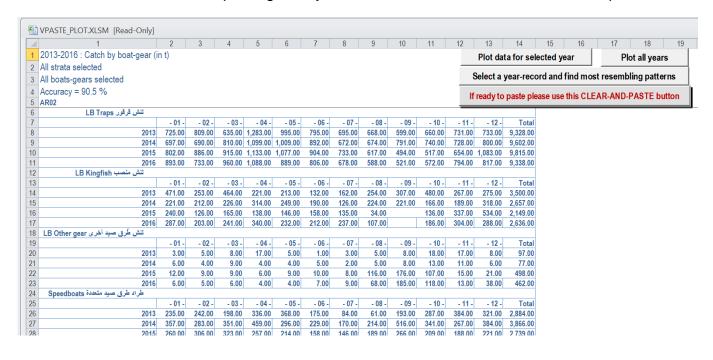


Here the user uses the two dropdown lists on the left to specify the start and end periods. In this example the system will prepare Report no. 2 (catch by boat-gear) for the years 2013-2016. The specified range contains full estimates for all 12 months. The statistical report obtained is shown below:

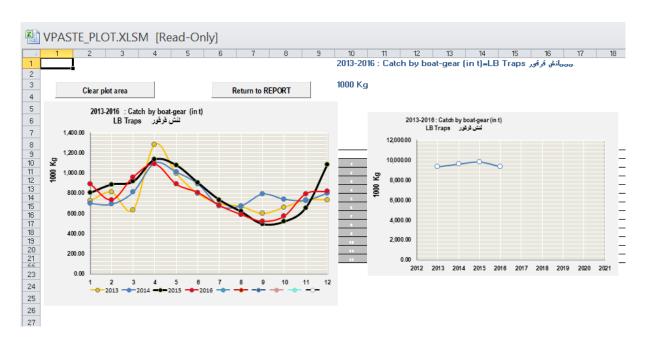




Optionally users may download a programmed Excel (right link) in order to export the data onto Excel and use the automatic plotting facility available. This is shown in the next two pictures.









16 Statistical methodology

16.1 Formulae used in estimating catch and effort

To be noted that all computations are repeated for each statistical context, i.e. a combination of: Year-month-minor stratum-boat-gear type.

In the formulae below the parameter n represents sample size while N refers to population size.

Estimated total Catch = (Sample CPUE) x (Sample PBA) x (no. boats-gears) x (no. fishing days)

 $\text{Sample CPUE} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{c_i}{d_i} \text{ , where } c_i \text{ is catch of sample i and } d_i \text{ is duration of trip in sample i.}$

Sample PBA = $\sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{a_i}{7}$, where a_i is numbers of days worked past week.

CPUE variance: $s^2 = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (\frac{c_i}{d_i} - CPUE)^2$

CPUE standard error: $s_{cpue} = \frac{+\sqrt{s^2}}{\sqrt{n}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{n}{N}}$

CPUE coefficient of variation (in %): $CV_{cpue} = 100 \frac{s_{cpue}}{CPUE}$

PBA variance: $s^2 = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (\frac{a_i}{7} - PBA)^2$

PBA standard error: $s_{pba} = \frac{+\sqrt{s^2}}{\sqrt{n}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{n}{N}}$

PBA coefficient of variation (in %): $CV_{pba} = 100 \frac{s_{pba}}{PBA}$



16.2 Accuracy of estimates

All estimates are accompanied by an accuracy indicator that is based on sample size. Throughout the system the term "accuracy" means in fact "pessimistic accuracy"; we never know the actual accuracy level but we do know that if a certain sample size has applied then the resulting accuracy will always be higher than the pessimistic (and known) one (Figure 25).

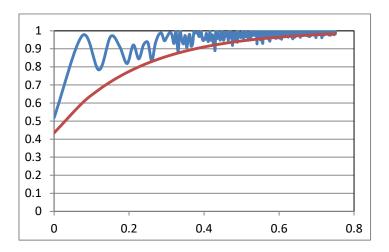


Figure 16.1. Fluctuation of sampling accuracy (blue line) when sample size varies between 1 and population size. The red line shows the pessimistic accuracy that is known in advance and depends only on the population size.

UAE-NFIS uses two parallel approaches in calculating spatial accuracy: Large Population (or stochastic) and Small Population (algebraic). For the temporal accuracy only the Small Populations approach applies.

Large populations

Accuracy A is given by:

$$A \geq 1 - 1.96 \frac{\sigma_R}{\sqrt{n}} \sqrt{1 - \frac{n}{N}} \qquad \qquad \text{where } \sigma_x = \sqrt{\frac{1}{12}}$$

Small populations

Accuracy A is given by:

$$A = a_1 + a_2 N^{-kx}$$

The parameters a₁, a₂, and k are based on the following set of intermediate parameters:



$$W = 0.75(1 - \frac{1}{N})$$

$$a = \frac{2WN^2}{(N-1)^2} - \frac{N+1}{N-1}$$

$$g = a + \frac{1 - a}{N}$$

$$S = (1-a)(\frac{1}{\ln N} - \frac{1}{N \ln N} - \frac{1}{N})$$

$$k = \frac{-2}{\ln N} \ln(\frac{S}{1 - S - g})$$

$$a_2 = \frac{(1 - S - g)^2}{2S + g - 1}$$

$$\mathbf{a}_1 = \mathbf{g} - \mathbf{a}_2$$